### 2022

## PSYCHOLOGY — HONOURS

Paper: SEC-A-1

(Behaviour Modification)

Full Marks: 80

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

#### 1. Answer any ten questions:

2×10

- (a) What is Behaviour Modification?
- (b) Define fading.
- (c) Name a procedure that might be used to eliminate undesirable responses.
- (d) Name two assumptions of behaviour modification.
- (e) Explain positive punishment.
- (f) What is 'Extinction Burst'?
- (g) What is Applied Behaviour Analysis?
- (h) Name the founder of Behaviourism.
- (i) Distinguish between respondent behaviour and operant behaviour.
- (j) What do you mean by differential reinforcement?
- (k) Define chaining.
- (l) What do you mean by backward conditioning?
- (m) What is Indirect Behaviour Assessment?
- (n) Define Token.
- (o) Define Reinforcement.

#### 2. Answer any four questions :

5×4

- (a) Discuss schedules of Reinforcement.
- (b) Compare operant and classical conditioning.
- (c) Discuss Premack Principle with example.
- (d) Discuss Type S and Type R conditioning.
- (e) Explain ABC paradigm of Behaviour.

Please Turn Over



# 3. Answer any four questions:

	dustions:	
(a)	Discuss in detail the cognitive perspective of learning.	
(b)	What is contingency management? How does it be applied to reduce the disruptive behavior a child in family and classroom situation?	10 aviour of
(c)	Explain Token Economy behaviour at the control of t	2+4+4
(d)	Explain Token Economy behaviour strategy in a work environment.  Illustrate with an example how shaping can be used in developing a new behaviour.	10
(e)	A boy of 11yrs, old having complaints of inattentiveness. Plan a suitable behaviour mod	10
	programme.	ilication
(f)	Define operant conditioning. Briefly discuss the principles of operant conditioning with the examples.	help of 2+8
		20