

*M (1st Sm.)-AECC-1-Com.Eng.-
BA/BSc General-(CBCS)*



Question Booklet Code – **B**

Roll No.

Registration No.

OMR Serial No.

2018

AECC-1

COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH

Full Marks : 80

For BA/BSc General Candidates only

Group - A

Correct the following sentences by choosing the correct alternative :

2×15

1. Little Jack Horner sat in a corner.
(A) Little Jack Horner sat in a corner.
(B) Little Jack Horner sat by a corner.
(C) Little Jack Horner sat beside a corner.
(D) Little Jack Horner sat a corner.
2. Into the street the Piper stepped.
(A) Over the street the Piper stepped.
(B) By the street the Piper stepped.
(C) Into the street the Piper stepped.
(D) On the street the Piper stepped.
3. A fair little girl sat under the tree.
(A) A fair little girl sat under the tree.
(B) A fair little girl sat above the tree.
(C) A fair little girl sat over the tree.
(D) A fair little girl sat around the tree.
4. The river runs through the town.
(A) The river runs through the town.
(B) The river runs on the town.
(C) The river runs on the town.
(D) The river runs by the town.
5. The earth moves on the sun.
(A) The earth moved round the sun.
(B) The earth move round the sun.
(C) The earth moves round the sun.
(D) The earth shall move round the sun.
6. My friends saw the Prime Minister yesterday.
(A) My friends see the Prime Minister yesterday.
(B) My friends have seen the Prime Minister today.
(C) My friends saw the Prime Minister yesterday.
(D) My friends are seeing the Prime Minister yesterday.

7. She look worried about something.
(A) She looks worried about something.
(B) She looking worried about something.
(C) She looking not worried about something.
(D) She was looked worried about something.
8. He haves a mill in the town.
(A) He is having a mill in this town.
(B) He has a mill in the town.
(C) He was having a mill in this town.
(D) He have a mill in this town.
9. The lion and the unicorn fights over the crown.
(A) The lion and the unicorn fought over the crown.
(B) The lion and the unicorn fought at the crown.
(C) The lion and the unicorn fought for the crown.
(D) The lion and the unicorn fight over the crown.
10. He thanked me what I did.
(A) He thanked me for what I did.
(B) He thanked me for what I had did.
(C) He thanked me for what I had been doing.
(D) He thanked me for what I am doing.
11. The recent years seeing a fall in petrol price.
(A) The recent years have seen a fall in petrol price.
(B) The recent years had seen a fall in petrol price.
(C) The recent years had been seen a fall in petrol price.
(D) The recent year are seen a fall in petrol price.
12. I unable to join school this month.
(A) I am unable to join school this month.
(B) I have unable to join school this month.
(C) I were unable to join school this month.
(D) I will unable to join school this month.
13. His efforts highly appreciated.
(A) His efforts being highly appreciated.
(B) His efforts are highly appreciated.
(C) His efforts are highly appreciable.
(D) His efforts had highly appreciated.

Please Turn Over

14. Animals are loosing their natural habitats.
- (A) Animals were losing their natural habitats.
 - (B) Animals are going to losing their natural habitats.
 - (C) Animals had been losing their natural habitats.
 - (D) Animals are losing their natural habitats.
15. Neither did he pay the school fees not the examination fees.
- (A) Neither did he pay the school fees or the examination fees.
 - (B) Neither did he pay the school fees nor the examination fees.
 - (C) Neither did he pay the school fees and the examination fees.
 - (D) He did pay the school fees, nor the examination fees.

Group - B

Transform the given sentences as directed by selecting the correct alternative (without changing meaning).

2×15

16. When can their glory fade? (Change into Assertive sentence)
- (A) Can their glory ever fade?
 - (B) Their glory fades.
 - (C) Their glory can never fade.
 - (D) Their glory will fade.
17. He is stronger than his brother. (Use Positive degree)
- (A) His brother is also strong.
 - (B) His brother is not as strong as he.
 - (C) He is as strong as his brother.
 - (D) His brother is stronger.
18. Malacca is the oldest town in Malayasia. (Change into Comparative degree)
- (A) No town in Malayasia is as old as Malacca.
 - (B) Malacca is older than all other towns in Malayasia.
 - (C) All the towns in Malayasia are older than Malacca.
 - (D) All the towns in Malayasia are as old as Malacca.
19. No animal is as useful as the cow. (Change into Superlative degree)
- (A) Some animals are as useful as the cow.
 - (B) The cow is not as useful as the other animals.
 - (C) All animals are more useful than the cow.
 - (D) The cow is the most useful of all animals.

20. Peter is wiser than Mary. (Change into Positive degree)
- (A) Mary is not as wise as Peter.
 - (B) Mary is the wisest of all.
 - (C) Isn't Mary wiser than Peter?
 - (D) Peter is wise, and so is Mary.
21. Lead is heavier than all other metals. (Change into Superlative degree)
- (A) No metal is as heavy as lead.
 - (B) Lead is the heaviest of all metals.
 - (C) Lead is not as heavy as the other metals.
 - (D) Lead is as heavy as other metals.
22. Only Indians are admitted. (Change into Complex sentence)
- (A) Only those who are Indians are admitted.
 - (B) You have to be an Indian to be admitted.
 - (C) You must be an Indian to be admitted.
 - (D) You are not an Indian, you cannot be admitted.
23. I saw a bird that was wounded. (Change into Simple sentence)
- (A) I saw a bird and it was wounded.
 - (B) The bird that I saw was wounded.
 - (C) I saw a wounded bird.
 - (D) I saw a bird which had been wounded.
24. Brutus loved Caesar. (Change into Negative sentence)
- (A) Brutus was not without love for Caesar.
 - (B) Brutus loved but not Caesar.
 - (C) Brutus did not love Caesar.
 - (D) Brutus never loved Caesar.
25. He must work very hard to make up for the lost time. (Change into a Compound sentence)
- (A) Without working very hard he cannot make up for the lost time.
 - (B) To make up for the lost time he must work very hard.
 - (C) He must work very hard and make up for the lost time.
 - (D) If he does not work hard he cannot make up for the lost time.
26. The boy was disobedient, and so the teacher punished him. (Change into Simple sentence)
- (A) When the boy was disobedient the teacher punished him.
 - (B) The teacher punished the boy because he was disobedient.
 - (C) As the boy was disobedient, the teacher punished him.
 - (D) The teacher punished the boy for disobedience.

Please Turn Over

27. He confessed his crime. (Change into Complex sentence)
- (A) He confessed.
 - (B) His confessed and said he was guilty.
 - (C) His confession was about his crime.
 - (D) When he confessed he said he was guilty.
28. Everest is the highest mountain in the world. (Change into Negative Sentence)
- (A) All mountains are higher than Everest.
 - (B) No mountain is as high as Everest.
 - (C) All mountains are not higher than Everest.
 - (D) No mountain is higher.
29. He did not live many years in India. (Change into Affirmative sentence)
- (A) He never lived in India.
 - (B) He has always lived in India.
 - (C) He lived in India for a few year.
 - (D) Never has he left India.
30. How beautiful is the night! (Change into Assertive sentence)
- (A) The night is very beautiful.
 - (B) Is not the night beautiful?
 - (C) The night had never been so beautiful.
 - (D) The night could not have been more beautiful.

Group - C

Read **Passage 1** and **Passage 2**, and attempt the following questions.

Passage 1

All children like scrambling up to high places to see if the world looks any different from an apple tree or a stable loft. Over and above his love for climbing, Michael had a longing to do things that had never been done before. As he gazed at the church spire, crowned by a golden ball, an idea crept into his mind – he would be the first person in Flushing to stand on the golden ball! 2×5

31. Choose the true statement :
- (A) The church spire was crowned by a silver star.
 - (B) The church spire was crowned by a clock.
 - (C) The church spire was crowned by a golden star.
 - (D) The church spire was crowned by a golden ball.

32. Choose the true statement :
- (A) Michael would be the first person in Florence to stand on the golden ball.
 - (B) Michael would be the first person in Flushing to stand on the golden ball.
 - (C) Michael would be the first person in Birmingham to stand on the golden ball.
 - (D) Michael would be the first person in Cambridge to stand on the golden ball.
33. Choose the true statement :
- (A) All children like scrambling up to high places.
 - (B) All children fear to scramble up to high places.
 - (C) No child likes scrambling up to high places.
 - (D) Children hate scrambling up to high places.
34. Choose the true statement :
- (A) Children do not like to see the world from high places.
 - (B) Children like to see the world from high places.
 - (C) Children like to see the world from beneath a tree.
 - (D) Children like to see the world from the ground.
35. Choose the true statement :
- (A) Michael gazed at the weather-cock.
 - (B) Michael gazed at the windmill.
 - (C) Michael gazed at the church spire.
 - (D) Michael gazed at the tower.

Passage 2

The saving of certain wild animals from extinction has for many years been a problem for zoologists and other specialists; but more recently the problem has become so acute and has received so much publicity, that most people are now concerned about it. This may at first seem strange because one of the most gratifying developments of the last few years has been the passing of strict laws to protect wild animals and the consequent decline in the hunting of big game for sport. Why is it, then, that some rare wild animals are still threatened with extinction?

2×5

36. Choose the true statement :
- (A) There has been an increase in the hunting of big game for sport.
 - (B) No big game now are hunted for sport.
 - (C) There has been a decline in the hunting of big game for sport.
 - (D) Big game have always been hunted for sport.
37. Choose the true statement :
- (A) Some rare wild animals are threatened with extinction.
 - (B) Rare wild animals are carefully preserved.
 - (C) There are no rare wild animals on the earth.
 - (D) Most of the rare wild animals have become extinct.

Please Turn Over

38. Choose the true statement :

- (A) Saving certain wild animals has been a problem.
- (B) Wild animals need not be saved from extinction.
- (C) Wild animals have all been saved from extinction.
- (D) Certain wild animals have become extinct.

39. Choose the true statement :

- (A) Saving the wild animals is a problem for botanists.
- (B) Saving the wild animals is a problem for physiologists.
- (C) Saving the wild animals is a problem for chemists.
- (D) Saving the wild animals is a problem for zoologists.

40. Choose the true statement :

- (A) No laws have been passed to protect the wild animals.
 - (B) Strict laws have been passed to protect the wild animals.
 - (C) Strict laws have not been passed to protect the wild animals.
 - (D) Laws have not been passed to protect the wild animals.
-